

# IT SKILL STANDARDS 2020 AND BEYOND



“Infrastructure Connectivity  
Management and Engineering”  
Job Cluster

# Acknowledgements

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## Infrastructure Connectivity, Management and Engineering

The definition for Infrastructure Connectivity, Management and Engineering as developed by approximately 100 Thought Leaders (mostly Chief Technology Officers and Chief Information Officers) through three meetings and follow-up surveys to gain consensus is:

Infrastructure Connectivity covers hardware, wired, optical, wireless, satellite, cloud, and any other means of connectivity for data transmission.

Infrastructure Management and Engineering ensures that the Information Technology and Communications Infrastructure is sufficiently robust, scalable, secure and efficient to deliver integrated services. It supports the design installation processes, physical resources, and operations required for developing, integrating, operating, and sustaining IT applications. It also addresses the day-to-day management and maintenance of IT services, systems, and applications. This definition was adapted from mitre.org with input from national IT Thought Leaders.

This packet includes...

### **Job skills as developed by subject matter experts (SMEs) via multiple synchronous meetings (Page 3).**

The tasks, knowledge, skills and abilities (KSAs) were developed with a focus 12 to 36 months in the future for an entry-level employee working in that specific cluster.

More specific definitions can be found within the KSA list.

The average was calculated from the subject matter expert votes.

- A vote of "4" indicated the item must be covered in the curriculum.
- A vote of "3" indicated the item should be covered in the curriculum.
- A vote of "2" indicated that it would be nice for the item to be covered in the curriculum.
- A vote of "1" indicated the item should not be covered in the curriculum.

### **Employability Skills as developed by SMEs via multiple synchronous meetings (Page 8).**

Employability competencies are essential for every IT job and are based on what the work requires. SMEs were offered three clearly-defined "levels of proficiency" for each employability skill. The proficiency scale is defined as Level 1 – basic; Level 2- intermediate; and Level 3 - advanced. The levels are cumulative, so a "Level 3" assumes the employee can perform all characteristics of "Level 1" and "Level 2."

For each employability skill, SMEs selected the competency levels that best aligned with what would be expected from an entry-level worker for the job cluster in question.

### **Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) as developed by SMEs (Page 9).**

Key Performance Indicators answer the question, "How do we know when a task is performed well?"

A search was performed to locate validated/verified KPIs for technician level work in IT fields. Sources included the Texas Skill Standards System, National Skill Standards Board, National Institute of Standards and Technology and other sources. The identified KPIs were then cross-referenced to the tasks for the ITSS 2020 job clusters. They were reviewed and revised by a group of the same subject matter experts who developed the tasks and KSAs for the cluster in a structured, facilitated verification session.

**Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs) as identified by educators attending the KSA meetings (Page 10).**

The SLOs are for use in the creation of curriculum to help define what the students will know and be able to demonstrate. Each of these SLOs can be observed, measured, and demonstrated.

<b>Infrastructure Connectivity Management and Engineering Tasks and KSAs</b>		Avg
<b>Tasks</b>		
SPECIFIC THINGS an entry level person would BE EXPECTED TO PERFORM on the job WITH LITTLE SUPERVISION.		
<b>Install</b>		
T-1	Configure and optimize network, routers, and switches (e.g., higher-level protocols, tunneling).	3.4
T-2	Install and maintain network infrastructure device operating system software (e.g., IOS, firmware) which would include patching network vulnerabilities to safeguard information.	3.3
T-3	Install or replace network, routers, and switches.	3.4
T-4	Implement group policies and access control lists to ensure compatibility with organizational standards, business rules, and needs.	3.4
T-5	Validate/update baseline system security according to organizational policies.	3.3
T-6	Install, update, and troubleshoot systems/servers.	3.4
T-7	Installation, implementation, configuration, and support of system components.	3.1
<b>Troubleshoot</b>		
T-8	Diagnose network connectivity problems.	3.8
T-9	Troubleshoot faulty system/server hardware.	3.3
T-10	Troubleshoot hardware/software interface and interoperability problems.	3.2
<b>Document</b>		
T-11	Follow SOP and validate/update documentation of compliance.	3.3
<b>Monitor, Maintain, Operate</b>		
T-12	Integrate new systems into existing network architecture.	3.1
T-13	Monitor network capacity and performance.	3.4
T-14	Test and maintain network infrastructure, including software and hardware devices.	3.3
T-15	Conduct functional and connectivity testing to ensure continuing operability.	3.5
T-16	Support group policies and access control lists to ensure compatibility with organizational standards, business rules, and needs.	3.5
T-17	Manage accounts, network rights, and access to systems and equipment.	3.2
T-18	Provide ongoing optimization and problem-solving support.	3.5
T-19	Check system hardware availability, functionality, integrity, and efficiency.	3.4
T-20	Conduct periodic system maintenance including cleaning (both physically and electronically), disk checks, routine reboots, data dumps, and testing.	3.2
T-21	Implement local network usage policies and procedures.	3.3
T-22	Manage system/server resources including performance, capacity, availability, serviceability, and recoverability.	3.1
T-23	Monitor and maintain system/server configuration.	3.3
T-24	Perform repairs on faulty system/server hardware.	3.2
<b>Knowledge</b>		
<p>Knowledge focuses on the understanding of concepts. It is theoretical. An individual may have an understanding of a topic or tool or some textbook knowledge of it but have no experience applying it. For example, someone might have read hundreds of articles on health and nutrition, many of them in scientific journals, but that doesn't make that person qualified to dispense advice on nutrition.</p>		
K-1	Knowledge of computer networking concepts and protocols, and network security methodologies.	3.9
K-2	Knowledge of risk management processes (e.g., methods for assessing and mitigating risk).	3.1
K-3	Knowledge of laws, regulations, policies, and ethics as they relate to cybersecurity and privacy (e.g., PCI, PII, PHI, GDPR).	3.1
K-4	Knowledge of cybersecurity and privacy principles.	3.4
K-5	Knowledge of cyber threats and vulnerabilities.	3.4
K-6	Knowledge of specific operational impacts of cybersecurity lapses.	3.4
K-7	Knowledge of communication methods, principles, and concepts that support the network infrastructure.	3.4
K-8	Knowledge of capabilities and applications of network equipment including routers, switches, bridges, servers, transmission media, and related hardware.	3.6

K-9	Knowledge of how to assess existing infrastructure (LAN, WAN).	3.5
K-10	Knowledge of risk management, cybersecurity, and privacy principles used to manage risks related to the use, processing, storage, and transmission of information or data.	3.2
K-11	Knowledge of information technology (IT) security principles and methods (e.g., firewalls, demilitarized zones, encryption).	3.7
K-12	Knowledge of local area and wide area networking principles and concepts including bandwidth management.	3.5
K-13	Knowledge of measures or indicators of system performance and availability.	3.4
K-14	Knowledge of how traffic flows across the network (e.g., Transmission Control Protocol [TCP] and Internet Protocol [IP], Open System Interconnection Model [OSI]).	3.5
K-15	Knowledge of remote access technology concepts.	3.5
K-16	Knowledge of server administration and systems engineering theories, concepts, and methods.	3.1
K-17	Knowledge of telecommunications concepts (e.g., will change all the time).	3.2
K-18	Knowledge of Virtual Private Network (VPN) security.	3.5
K-19	Knowledge of concepts, terminology, and operations of a wide range of communications media (computer and telephone networks, satellite, fiber, wireless).	3.4
K-20	Knowledge of network tools (e.g., ping, traceroute, nslookup).	3.8
K-21	Knowledge of different types of network communication (e.g., LAN, WAN, MAN, WLAN, WWAN).	3.5
K-22	Knowledge of the capabilities of different electronic communication systems and methods (e.g., e-mail, VOIP, IM, web forums, Direct Video Broadcasts).	3.3
K-23	Knowledge of the range of existing networks (e.g., PBX, LANs, WANs, WIFI, SCADA).	3.3
K-24	Knowledge of Wi-Fi.	3.5
K-25	Knowledge of Voice over IP (VoIP).	3.3
K-26	Knowledge of the common attack vectors on the network layer.	3.4
K-27	Knowledge of network security architecture concepts including topology, protocols, components, and principles (e.g., application of defense-in-depth).	3.3
K-28	Knowledge of network and systems management principles, models, methods (e.g., end-to-end systems performance monitoring), and tools (NOC and SOC).	3.3
K-29	Knowledge of concepts of certificates, key management and usage.	3.1
K-30	Knowledge of transmission types (e.g., Bluetooth, Radio Frequency Identification [RFID], Infrared Networking [IR], Wireless Fidelity [Wi-Fi], paging, cellular, satellite dishes, Voice over Internet Protocol [VoIP]), and jamming techniques and interference techniques.	3.0
K-31	Knowledge of network protocols such as TCP/IP, Dynamic Host Configuration, Domain Name System (DNS), and directory services.	3.6
K-32	Knowledge of controls related to the use, processing, storage, and transmission of data.	3.1
K-33	Knowledge of performance tuning tools and techniques.	3.1
K-34	Knowledge of server and client operating systems.	3.6
K-35	Knowledge of systems administration concepts.	3.4
K-36	Knowledge of the enterprise information technology (IT) architecture.	3.3
K-37	Knowledge of the type and frequency of routine hardware maintenance (e.g., Linux/Unix OS, Windows Server OS).	3.2
K-38	Knowledge of file system implementations (e.g., New Technology File System [NTFS], File Allocation Table [FAT], File Extension [EXT]) including network storage and servers.)	3.1
K-39	Knowledge of virtualization technologies and virtual machine development and maintenance.	3.6
K-40	Knowledge of information technology (IT) user security policies (e.g., account creation, password rules, access control).	3.4
K-41	Knowledge of system administration, network, and operating system hardening techniques.	3.3
K-42	Knowledge of systems concepts and methods.	3.2
K-43	Knowledge of system/server diagnostic tools and fault identification techniques.	3.4
K-44	Knowledge of operating system command-line tools.	3.3
K-45	Knowledge of principles and methods for integrating system components, including network storage and servers.	3.3
K-46	Knowledge of Cloud and Cloud Services.	3.6
K-47	Knowledge of script automation and application programming interfaces.	3.4
K-48	Knowledge of network backup and recovery procedures.	3.4
K-49	Knowledge of patch network vulnerabilities to ensure that information is safeguarded against outside parties.	3.6

K-50	Knowledge of asset management and why it's important to the business.	3.0
K-51	Knowledge of infrastructure data storage capabilities and storage clusters.	3.2
K-52	Knowledge of risks associated with storing various types of data in different physical locations.	3.3
K-53	Knowledge of voice, video, and data transmission protocols.	3.3
K-54	Knowledge of IoT end devices and connectivity.	3.2
K-55	Knowledge of metrics, how they are developed in general, their purpose, and why they are used.	2.9
Cloud K-1	Knowledge of the differences or similarities between private, public, and hybrid cloud implementations.	3.3
Cloud K-2	Knowledge of the difference or similarities between Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS), and Software as a Service (SaaS) models.	3.3
Cloud K-3	Awareness of framework concepts, their selection and use.	2.8
Cloud K-4	Awareness of the pros or cons behind using frameworks.	2.6
Cloud K-5	Knowledge of the term benchmarks and the reasons for their use.	3.0
Cloud K-6	Knowledge of the term resilience and how resilience can be designed into a project, program, infrastructure, or organization.	3.0
Cloud K-7	Knowledge of the concept of service level agreement (SLA), why they are used, when they are used, and its application within cloud implementations.	3.0
Cloud K-8	Knowledge of who owns or should own the data/information in a cloud implementation.	3.1
Cloud K-9	Knowledge of the key management, operational, security, and/or privacy challenges potentially faced when considering or implementing a cloud capability.	3.2
Cloud K-10	Knowledge of the different organizational roles needed as one plans for cloud implementation or manages an existing cloud capability.	2.8
Cloud K-11	Knowledge of the incident response challenges potentially faced within a cloud implementation.	3.0
Cloud K-12	Knowledge of web services technologies.	3.0
Cloud K-13	Knowledge of cloud network storage.	3.1
Cloud K-14	Knowledge of cloud object-based storage.	2.9
Cloud K-15	Knowledge of cloud local system storage.	3.0
Cloud K-16	Knowledge of the different cloud computing database types (RDS).	2.8
Cloud K-17	Knowledge of how to scale a cloud database.	2.9
Cloud K-18	Knowledge of cloud database fail-over best practices.	3.1
Cloud K-19	Knowledge of the differences between SQL and Non-SQL databases.	2.7
Cloud K-20	Knowledge of cloud IAM (Identity and Access Management).	3.0
Cloud K-21	Knowledge of cloud IAM (Identity and Access Management) users, groups, roles, and policies.	3.0
Cloud K-22	Knowledge of cloud computing shared security responsibility model.	3.3
Cloud K-23	Knowledge of cloud regions.	2.6
Cloud K-24	Knowledge of cloud availability zone.	2.6
Cloud K-25	Knowledge of high availability service levels (SLA).	3.3
Cloud K-26	Knowledge of recovery time objective (RTO).	3.1
Cloud K-27	Knowledge of recovery point objective (RPO).	3.1
Cloud K-28	Knowledge of high availability factors (fault-tolerance, recoverability, and scalability).	3.1
Cloud K-29	Knowledge of microservices and containerization (e.g., Kubernetes and Docker).	3.1
Cloud K-30	Knowledge of auto scaling and load balancing.	2.9
Cloud K-31	Knowledge of the differences between cloud vs. on-premises.	3.5
Cloud K-32	Knowledge (not skill) in preparing and deploying a cloud database solution that meets application requirements.	2.6
<b>Skills</b>		
The capabilities or proficiencies developed through training or hands-on experience. Skills are the practical application of theoretical knowledge. Someone can take a course to gain knowledge of concepts without developing the skills to apply those concepts. Development of skills requires hands-on application of the concepts.		
S-1	Skill in analyzing network traffic capacity and performance characteristics.	3.6
S-2	Skill in establishing a routing schema.	3.2
S-3	Skill in implementing, maintaining established network security practices.	3.4
S-4	Skill in installing, configuring, and troubleshooting LAN and WAN components such as routers and switches.	3.6
S-5	Skill in using network management tools to analyze network traffic patterns (e.g., simple network management protocol).	3.6

S-6	Skill in securing network communications (e.g., logical).	3.4
S-7	Skill in protecting a network against malware (e.g., NIPS, anti-malware, restrict/prevent external devices, spam filters).	3.4
S-8	Skill in basic configuring and utilizing network protection components (e.g., firewalls, VPNs, network intrusion detection systems).	3.4
S-9	Skill in testing network infrastructure contingency and recovery plans.	3.0
S-10	Skill in applying various subnet techniques (e.g., CIDR).	3.5
S-11	Skill in configuring and utilizing computer protection components (e.g., hardware firewalls, servers, routers, as appropriate).	3.7
S-12	Skill in configuring and basic optimizing software.	3.0
S-13	Skill in diagnosing connectivity problems.	3.8
S-14	Skill in maintaining directory services (e.g., Microsoft Active Directory, LDAP, etc.).	3.4
S-15	Skill in using virtual machines (e.g., Microsoft Hyper-V, VMWare vSphere, Citrix XenDesktop/Server, Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud, etc.).	3.3
S-16	Skill in using cloud (e.g., Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud).	3.3
S-17	Skill in using microservices and containers (e.g., Docker, Kubernetes, ECS) and understanding monitoring dashboards.	3.1
S-18	Skill in configuring and utilizing software-based computer protection tools (e.g., software firewalls, antivirus software, anti-spyware).	3.3
S-19	Skill in interfacing with customers.	3.6
S-20	Skill in conducting system/server management and maintenance.	3.4
S-21	Skill in correcting physical and technical problems that impact system/server performance.	3.2
S-22	Skill in troubleshooting failed system components (i.e., servers).	3.4
S-23	Skill in identifying system/server performance, availability, capacity, or configuration problems.	3.3
S-24	Skill in installing system and component upgrades (i.e., servers, appliances, network devices).	3.4
S-25	Skill in monitoring and optimizing basic system/server performance.	3.3
S-26	Skill in recovering failed systems/servers (e.g., recovery software, failover clusters, replication, etc.).	3.1
S-27	Skill in operating system administration (e.g., account maintenance, data backups, maintain system performance, install and configure new hardware/software).	3.3
Cloud S-1	Skill in identifying and distinguishing private, public, and hybrid cloud implementations.	3.3
Cloud S-2	Skill in identifying and distinguishing Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS), and Software as a Service (SaaS) models.	3.1
Cloud S-3	Skill in executing test cases for identified functional or non-functional requirements.	2.8
Cloud S-4	Skill in documenting results of executed test cases showing whether according to developed success criteria the test case passes, fails, or partially passes.	3.1
Cloud S-5	Skill in documenting and determining root cause failure(s) for items that failed or partially passed.	3.1
Cloud S-6	Skill in preparing written reports.	3.4
Cloud S-7	Skill in preparing presentations.	3.4
Cloud S-8	Skill in producing virtual machines from a cloud image.	3.3
Cloud S-9	Skill in producing virtual machines within a cloud region.	3.1
Cloud S-10	Skill in demonstrating how to customize virtual networks with IP address range, subnets, routing tables and gateways.	3.3
Cloud S-11	Skill in analyzing and troubleshooting cloud virtual networks.	3.0
Cloud S-12	Skill in preparing and deploying virtual machines in a virtual network (private or public subnet).	3.1
Cloud S-13	Skill in deploying cloud storage technologies with the assistance of a senior technician.	2.9
Cloud S-14	Skill in analyzing and troubleshooting different cloud storage technologies.	2.8
Cloud S-15	Skill in applying permissions from the IAM (Identity and Access Management).	3.0
Cloud S-16	Skill in applying permissions for IAM (Identity and Access Management) group(s).	2.9
Cloud S-17	Skill in applying permissions for IAM (Identity and Access Management) user(s).	2.9
Cloud S-18	Skill in preparing and deploying a cloud high availability and business continuity solution.	2.6
Cloud S-19	Skill in deploying a containerized application.	2.6
Cloud S-20	Skill in analyzing and troubleshooting containers.	2.9
Cloud S-21	Skill in implementing auto scaling and load balancing.	3.1
Cloud S-22	Skill in using management tools like Chef, Puppet, etc.	2.9

### Abilities

Abilities have historically been used to describe the innate traits or talents that a person brings to a task or situation. Many people can learn to negotiate competently by acquiring knowledge about it and practicing the skills it requires. A few are brilliant negotiators because they have the innate ability to persuade. In reality, abilities may be included under skills or may be separated out.

A-1	Ability to install network equipment including routers, switches, servers, transmission media, and related hardware.	3.6
A-2	Ability to operate common network tools (e.g., ping, traceroute, nslookup).	3.7
A-3	Ability to execute OS command line (e.g., ipconfig, netstat, dir, nbtstat).	3.6
A-4	Ability to operate the organization's LAN/WAN pathways.	3.5
A-5	Ability to monitor measures or indicators of system performance and availability.	3.4
A-6	Ability to operate different electronic communication systems and methods (e.g., e-mail, VoIP, IM, web forums, Direct Video Broadcasts).	3.1
A-7	Ability to monitor traffic flows across the network.	3.5
A-8	Ability to recognize and escalate the information collected by network tools (e.g., nslookup, ping, and traceroute).	3.7
A-9	Ability to interpret and clarify incidents, problems, and events submitted in the trouble ticketing system.	3.7
A-10	Ability to apply an organization's goals and objectives to maintain architecture.	3.3
A-11	Ability to update, and/or maintain standard operating procedures (SOPs).	3.1
A-12	Ability to collaborate effectively with others.	3.8
A-13	Ability to function effectively in a dynamic, fast-paced environment.	3.6
A-14	Ability to apply cybersecurity and privacy principles to organizational requirements (relevant to confidentiality, integrity, availability, authentication, non-repudiation).	3.3
A-15	Ability to maintain automated security control assessments.	3.4
Cloud A-1	Ability to work within a project team.	3.8
Cloud A-2	Ability to communicate effectively (written and oral) within and among team members and associated stakeholders (i.e., different audiences and organizational levels). This includes communicating complex technical issues and business implications.	3.7
Cloud A-3	Ability to work under stress.	3.6
Cloud A-4	Ability to problem solve.	3.8
Cloud A-5	Ability to analyze and interpret customer input for expressed and implied requirements.	3.6
Cloud A-6	Ability to translate technical language into lay terminology when needed.	3.5
Cloud A-7	Ability to read and interpret technical documents, diagrams, and decision trees.	3.7
Cloud A-8	Ability to listen and understand what people say.	3.9
Cloud A-9	Ability to recognize and understand details.	3.8
Cloud A-10	Ability to order and arrange items.	3.4
Cloud A-11	Ability to create appropriate presentation visuals for technical material.	3.5

## Infrastructure Connectivity Management and Engineering Employability Skills

<b>Workplace Professionalism &amp; Work Ethics</b>	<p>Level 1 - Employee learns expectations of workplace environment (professional behavior and ethics) and adheres to practices with some guidance.</p> <p>Level 2 - Employee exhibits sound professionalism, judgment, and integrity and accepts responsibility for own behavior. Employee exhibits these qualities without guidance but occasionally refers to policies as needed.</p>
<b>Written Communication</b>	<p>Level 1 - Employee understands written instructions and executes tasks with guidance and feedback from supervisor. Employee clearly communicates concepts in writing.</p> <p>Level 2 - Employee comprehends and executes written instructions with minimal guidance. Employee composes well-organized written documents.</p>
<b>Oral Communication</b>	<p>Level 1 - Employee understands oral instructions and executes tasks with guidance and feedback from supervisor. Employee communicates concepts orally while clarifying for meaning. Employee develops listening skills.</p> <p>Level 2 - Employee comprehends and executes oral instructions with minimal guidance and exhibits good listening skills. Employee clarifies for meaning without needing prompting from supervisor.</p>
<b>Teamwork</b>	<p>Level 1 - With guidance and feedback from supervisor, employee obeys team rules and understands team member roles. Employee actively participates in team activities, volunteers for special tasks, and establishes rapport with co-workers.</p>
<b>Problem Solving &amp; Critical Thinking</b>	<p>Level 1 - Employee identifies the problem and relevant facts and principles with guidance and feedback from supervisor. Employee summarizes existing ideas and demonstrates creative thinking process while problem solving.</p> <p>Level 2 - With minimal supervision, employee analyzes underlying causes, considers risks and implications, and uses logic to draw conclusions. Employee applies rules and principles to processes and recommends solutions.</p>
<b>Organization and Planning</b>	<p>Level 1 - Employee prepares schedule for self, monitors and adjusts task sequence, and analyzes work assignments with guidance from supervisor.</p> <p>Level 2 - Employee manages timelines and recommends timeline adjustments. Employee escalates timeline-impacting issues as appropriate.</p>
<b>Adaptability and Flexibility</b>	<p>Level 1 - With guidance and feedback from supervisor, employee is able to adjust ways of doing work based on changing dynamics. Working under pressure is difficult, but employee makes it through the project with guidance and oversight.</p>
<b>Initiative</b>	<p>Level 1 - Employee finishes a step in a project and waits for direction before going on to the next step.</p> <p>Level 2 - Employee finishes multiple steps in a project and appropriately begins working on the next step without being asked.</p>
<b>Accuracy</b>	<p>Level 1 - Employee makes mistakes routinely but is committed to learning to adjust work habits to prevent them in the future.</p> <p>Level 2 - Employee occasionally makes mistakes but quickly makes adjustments to work habits to avoid making the same mistake twice.</p>
<b>Cultural Competence</b>	<p>Level 1 - Employee is inexperienced with working with diverse teams. With support and guidance and getting to know team members, employee develops working relationships.</p> <p>Level 2 - Employee is committed to working with diverse teams but struggles when differences arise. Employee identifies those challenges and works with colleagues to find ways to work effectively.</p>
<b>Self and Career Development</b>	<p>Level 1 - Employee requires feedback and direction from supervisor regarding improvement needed in professional and technical skills. Employee follows through with skills development with monitoring by supervisor.</p> <p>Level 2 - Employee builds upon self-assessment experience and can develop a professional and technical skills improvement plan in conjunction with supervisor. Employee completes development plan without prompting from supervisor.</p>

## Infrastructure Connectivity Management and Engineering Key Performance Indicators

For the entry-level employee, all tasks are typically done under supervision for much of the first year and then with some independence with verification after the employee has more experience. All tasks are done according to company guidelines.

	Task	Key Performance Indicators
<b>Install</b>		
T-1	Configure and optimize network, routers, and switches (e.g., higher-level protocols, tunneling).	Installation or upgrade plan is complete and accurate and company guidelines are followed.
T-2	Install and maintain network infrastructure device operating system software (e.g., IOS, firmware) which would include patching network vulnerabilities to safeguard information.	All components and devices (including IoT) are properly connected. Operating system and application software and upgrades are installed and configured according to specifications.
T-3	Install or replace network, routers, and switches.	Required network protocols are correctly installed and tested. System hardware and software are configured to specification. Network interfaces (e.g. LAN to WAN) are correctly connected and configured.
T-4	Implement group policies and access control lists to ensure compatibility with organizational standards, business rules, and needs.	Network security devices and software (e.g., firewall, routers, anti-virus software) are correctly installed by peer reviews or supervisor. Accounts are set up following standard operating procedures.
T-5	Validate/update baseline system security according to organizational policies.	Final overall tests to ensure full network resilience and functionality are properly performed.
T-6	Install, update, and troubleshoot systems/servers.	Current software upgrades including operating system patches anti-virus database are installed. Requirements for systems security are properly identified by peer reviews or supervisor.
T-7	Installation, implementation, configuration, and support of system components.	Communication regarding changes in procedures is distributed to all necessary parties in a timely manner.
<b>Troubleshoot</b>		
T-8	Diagnose network connectivity problems.	Appropriate data analysis and troubleshooting techniques per organizational standard are used to diagnose the problem.
T-9	Troubleshoot faulty system/server hardware.	Problem is correctly identified and causes are isolated per organizational standard. Solutions are thoroughly tested and implemented with minimal risk to network performance per organizational standard.
T-10	Troubleshoot hardware/software interface and interoperability problems.	Problems, solutions, and implementation processes are thoroughly documented and clearly communicated per organizational standard.
<b>Document</b>		
T-11	Follow SOP and validate/update documentation of compliance.	New configuration, system specifications, and installation and test results are clearly and completely documented. Systems security procedures are properly documented and approved in accordance with company guidelines. Documentation follows company format and standards and is at the appropriate level of detail. Inventory of parts includes accurate identification, tagging, and location. Accurate and up-to-date records (e.g., device configuration and user accounts) are maintained to ensure system integrity.
<b>Monitor, Maintain, Operate</b>		
T-12	Integrate new systems into existing network architecture.	Integration and testing are performed according to project and company schedules, priorities, and guidelines.
T-13	Monitor network capacity and performance.	Preventive maintenance plan and monitoring procedures are updated. Documented performance requirements are used to monitor network and recommend system improvement.
T-14	Test and maintain network infrastructure, including software and hardware devices.	System configuration is optimized to meet user needs with minimal disruption.
T-15	Conduct functional and connectivity testing to ensure continuing operability.	Performance is monitored according to procedures and is compared to baseline performance for discrepancies; reports are generated.
T-16	Support group policies and access control lists to ensure compatibility with organizational standards, business rules, and needs.	Traffic capacity and performance characteristics are monitored, and technician knows how to involve others to handle concerns.
T-17	Manage accounts, network rights, and access to systems and equipment.	Component and connectivity problems are monitored and reported. Functional verifications, system audits, and backups are performed according to proper procedures.
T-18	Provide ongoing optimization and problem-solving support.	Patches are applied to affected software and hardware in a timely manner, and are properly tested.
T-19	Check system hardware availability, functionality, integrity, and efficiency.	Disruptions, outages, security violations, and attacks of network services are monitored, recognized, and escalated in a timely manner according to company procedures.
T-20	Conduct periodic system maintenance including cleaning (both physically and electronically), disk checks, routine reboots, data dumps, and testing.	Diagnostic software is run to verify that the components are operating, and tests are performed.
T-21	Implement local network usage policies and procedures.	System backups and other maintenance tasks are performed and documented according to scope, schedule, and procedure.
T-22	Manage system/server resources including performance, capacity, availability, serviceability, and recoverability.	System back-ups are verified and periodic test restores are performed. Components are correctly programmed, integrated into the system and backed up, and all security procedures are followed.
T-23	Monitor and maintain system/server configuration.	Tests for functionality and safety of equipment and systems are completed.
T-24	Perform repairs on faulty system/server hardware.	Communication regarding changes in procedures is distributed to all necessary parties in a timely manner.

## Infrastructure Connectivity Management and Engineering Student Learning Outcomes

	Knowledge	Student Learning Outcomes
K-46	Knowledge of Cloud and Cloud Services.	Describe cloud and cloud services technologies.
K-10	Knowledge of risk management, cybersecurity, and privacy principles used to manage risks related to the use, processing, storage, and transmission of information or data.	Explain information security principles and fundamentals. Describe laws, regulations, and ethical behavior related to cybersecurity and privacy globally.
K-3	Knowledge of laws, regulations, policies, and ethics as they relate to cybersecurity and privacy (e.g., PCI, PII, PHI, GDPR).	
K-4	Knowledge of cybersecurity and privacy principles.	
K-5	Knowledge of cyber threats and vulnerabilities.	Identify how to assess network vulnerabilities and attacks.
K-6	Knowledge of specific operational impacts of cybersecurity lapses.	Describe the operational implications to the organization of cybersecurity lapses.
K-42	Knowledge of systems concepts and methods.	Describe the network system components and their inter-relationships.
K-50	Knowledge of asset management and why it's important to the business.	Summarize the importance of asset management to the organization.
K-51	Knowledge of infrastructure data storage capabilities and storage clusters.	Explain the components of storage infrastructure including subsystems and intelligent storage systems.
K-23	Knowledge of the range of existing networks (e.g., PBX, LANs, WANs, WIFI, SCADA).	Distinguish between different enterprise network architecture and topologies - such as - Local Area Networks (LANs), Wide Area Networks (WANs).
K-36	Knowledge of the enterprise information technology (IT) architecture.	
K-21	Knowledge of different types of network communication (e.g., LAN, WAN, MAN, WLAN, WWAN).	
K-14	Knowledge of how traffic flows across the network (e.g., Transmission Control Protocol [TCP] and Internet Protocol [IP], Open System Interconnection Model [OSI]).	Explain the OSI model and different network protocols - such as - TCP and IP. Describe how to assess organization's existing infrastructure.
K-9	Knowledge of how to assess existing infrastructure (LAN, WAN).	Describe technology concepts for remote access.
K-15	Knowledge of remote access technology concepts.	
K-32	Knowledge of controls related to the use, processing, storage, and transmission of data.	Name and describe controls related to the use, processing, storage, and transmission of data.
K-30	Knowledge of transmission types (e.g., Bluetooth, Radio Frequency Identification [RFID], Infrared Networking [IR], Wireless Fidelity [Wi-Fi], paging, cellular, satellite dishes, Voice over Internet Protocol [VoIP]), and jamming techniques and interference techniques.	Name and describe types of data transmission and techniques of jamming and interference.
K-31	Knowledge of network protocols such as TCP/IP, Dynamic Host Configuration, Domain Name System (DNS), and directory services.	Install and configure DHCP, DNS, remote access, network security and directory services. Describe the current concepts of telecommunications. Explain the capabilities of different electronic communication systems and methods.
K-7	Knowledge of communication methods, principles, and concepts that support the network infrastructure.	
K-17	Knowledge of telecommunications concepts (e.g., will change all the time).	
K-19	Knowledge of concepts, terminology, and operations of a wide range of communications media (computer and telephone networks, satellite, fiber, wireless).	
K-22	Knowledge of the capabilities of different electronic communication systems and methods (e.g., e-mail, VOIP, IM, web forums, Direct Video Broadcasts).	
K-24	Knowledge of Wi-Fi.	Describe how Wi-Fi works.
K-53	Knowledge of voice, video, and data transmission protocols.	Identify and use different media network transmission protocols.
K-54	Knowledge of IoT end devices and connectivity.	Describe commonly used IoT end devices and their connectivity.
K-1	Knowledge of computer networking concepts and protocols, and network security methodologies.	Identify and summarize techniques and protocols to secure network communication.
K-25	Knowledge of Voice over IP (VoIP).	Define and describe Voice over IP (VoIP).
K-8	Knowledge of capabilities and applications of network equipment including routers, switches, bridges, servers, transmission media, and related hardware.	Describe the applications of different network hardware equipment in a business environment.
K-12	Knowledge of local area and wide area networking principles and concepts including bandwidth management.	Define and describe concepts of bandwidth management in LAN/WAN networks.
K-16	Knowledge of server administration and systems engineering theories, concepts, and methods.	Explain the concepts and methods of server administration.
K-20	Knowledge of network tools (e.g., ping, traceroute, nslookup).	Explain how different network commands and tools can be used to monitor and manage network performance.
K-28	Knowledge of network and systems management principles, models, methods (e.g., end-to-end systems performance monitoring), and tools (NOC and SOC).	
K-33	Knowledge of performance tuning tools and techniques.	
K-34	Knowledge of server and client operating systems.	Recognize common issues with different operating systems and server administration.
K-35	Knowledge of systems administration concepts.	Summarize the organization's schedule and procedures for routine hardware maintenance. List and describe different file systems and extensions including network storage, servers, and file transfer protocols.
K-37	Knowledge of the type and frequency of routine hardware maintenance (e.g., Linux/Unix OS, Windows Server OS).	
K-38	Knowledge of file system implementations (e.g., New Technology File System [NTFS], File Allocation Table [FAT], File Extension [EXT]) including network storage and servers.)	
K-39	Knowledge of virtualization technologies and virtual machine development and maintenance.	Outline the concepts of network virtualization, including virtual machine development and maintenance.
K-40	Knowledge of information technology (IT) user security policies (e.g., account creation, password rules, access control).	Describe the organization's user security policies.

K-41	Knowledge of system administration, network, and operating system hardening techniques.	Describe how to administer a network operating system including hardening techniques.
K-43	Knowledge of system/server diagnostic tools and fault identification techniques.	Explain the organization's system/server diagnostic tools and fault identification techniques.
K-44	Knowledge of operating system command-line tools.	List the operating system command-line tools.
K-45	Knowledge of principles and methods for integrating system components including network storage and servers.	Describe the principles and methods used to integrate network system components.
K-48	Knowledge of network backup and recovery procedures.	Describe the organization's network backup and restoration process.
K-55	Knowledge of metrics, how they are developed in general, their purpose, and why they are used.	Recognize and understand the latest tools for network traffic metrics and system performance.
K-13	Knowledge of measures or indicators of system performance and availability.	
K-26	Knowledge of the common attack vectors on the network layer.	List common attack vectors on the network layer.
K-27	Knowledge of network security architecture concepts including topology, protocols, components, and principles (e.g., application of defense-in-depth).	Describe concepts of network security architecture including Network Security Devices, Protocols and Topologies.
K-18	Knowledge of Virtual Private Network (VPN) security.	Recognize the administration of Virtual Private Network (VPN).
K-29	Knowledge of concepts of certificates, key management, and usage.	Explain the concepts of Key Management and Certificate Lifecycles.
K-11	Knowledge of information technology (IT) security principles and methods (e.g., firewalls, demilitarized zones, encryption).	Identify and describe various information technology security principles and methods.
K-49	Knowledge of patch network vulnerabilities to ensure that information is safeguarded against outside parties.	Explain Network Vulnerability Assessment and Data Security at physical and cloud locations.
K-52	Knowledge of risks associated with storing various types of data in different physical locations.	
K-2	Knowledge of risk management processes (e.g., methods for assessing and mitigating risk).	Explain the importance of Control Access to mitigate risk and vulnerabilities in all networks environment.
K-47	Knowledge of script automation and application programming interfaces.	Describe the importance of APIs and use of script automation in network environment.
Cloud K-1	Knowledge of the differences or similarities between private, public, and hybrid cloud implementations.	
Cloud K-2	Knowledge of the difference or similarities between Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS), and Software as a Service (SaaS) models.	Compare and contrast public, private, and hybrid cloud. Recognize different XaaS tools and technologies models.
Cloud K-3	Awareness of framework concepts, their selection, and use.	
Cloud K-4	Awareness of the pros or cons behind using frameworks.	Generalize the selection and use of cloud framework concepts.
Cloud K-5	Knowledge of the term benchmarks and the reasons for their use.	Describe benchmarks as performance metrics.
Cloud K-6	Knowledge of the term resilience and how resilience can be designed into a project, program, infrastructure, or organization.	Describe how to design resilience into projects and components of an organization.
Cloud K-7	Knowledge of the concept of service level agreement (SLA), why they are used, when they are used, and its application within cloud implementations.	Describe how, why, and when Service Level Agreements (SLA) are implemented in a cloud environment.
Cloud K-25	Knowledge of high availability service levels (SLA).	Define and explain the applicability of high availability service levels.
Cloud K-8	Knowledge of who owns or should own the data/information in a cloud implementation.	Explain data ownership in a cloud implementation.
Cloud K-9	Knowledge of the key management, operational, security, and/or privacy challenges potentially faced when considering or implementing a cloud capability.	Describe management, operational, security, and privacy challenges when considering cloud implementation.
Cloud K-10	Knowledge of the different organizational roles needed as one plans for cloud implementation or manages an existing cloud capability.	Describe organizational roles needed for a planned cloud implementation.
Cloud K-11	Knowledge of the incident response challenges potentially faced within a cloud implementation.	Describe incident response challenges in a cloud implementation.
Cloud K-13	Knowledge of cloud network storage.	
Cloud K-14	Knowledge of cloud object-based storage.	
Cloud K-15	Knowledge of cloud local system storage.	Describe different cloud storage systems including local, network and object-based.
Cloud K-16	Knowledge of the different cloud computing database types (RDS).	
Cloud K-17	Knowledge of how to scale a cloud database.	Differentiate and describe scalability of cloud based databases such as RDS,SQL and Non-SQL.
Cloud K-18	Knowledge of cloud database fail-over best practices.	
Cloud K-19	Knowledge of the differences between SQL and Non-SQL databases.	Describe how to implement a cloud database solution that meets the requirements.
Cloud K-32	Knowledge (not skill) in preparing and deploying a cloud database solution that meets application requirements.	Describe best practices in database fail-over processes.
Cloud K-20	Knowledge of cloud IAM (Identity and Access Management).	
Cloud K-21	Knowledge of cloud IAM (Identity and Access Management) users, groups, roles, and policies.	Summarize and explain the life cycle of users with Identity and Access Management.
Cloud K-22	Knowledge of cloud computing shared security responsibility model.	Describe the cloud computing shared security responsibility model.
Cloud K-23	Knowledge of cloud regions.	
Cloud K-24	Knowledge of cloud availability zone.	Explain cloud regions and availability zones in cloud infrastructure.
Cloud K-26	Knowledge of recovery time objective (RTO).	
Cloud K-27	Knowledge of recovery point objective (RPO).	Compare and contrast Recovery Time Objective (RTO) and Recovery Point Objective (RPO).
Cloud K-28	Knowledge of high availability factors (fault-tolerance, recoverability, and scalability).	Explain high availability factors in a cloud environment.

Cloud K-12	Knowledge of web services technologies.	Describe and explain the use of web services technologies tools such as microservices and containerization.
Cloud K-29	Knowledge of microservices and containerization (e.g., Kubernetes and Docker).	
Cloud K-30	Knowledge of auto scaling and load balancing.	Describe capabilities of cloud auto scaling and load balancing.
Cloud K-31	Knowledge of the differences between cloud vs. on-premises.	Describe the difference between cloud technologies and traditional networks.
<b>Skills</b>		<b>Student Learning Outcomes</b>
S-4	Skill in installing, configuring, and troubleshooting LAN and WAN components such as routers and switches.	Install network components and perform configuration. Implement a basic network security configuration and recovery plan.
S-9	Skill in testing network infrastructure contingency and recovery plans.	
S-2	Skill in establishing a routing schema.	Apply the TCP/IP concepts to addressing schema and subnetting.
S-10	Skill in applying various subnet techniques (e.g., CIDR).	
S-11	Skill in configuring and utilizing computer protection components (e.g., hardware firewalls, servers, routers, as appropriate).	Demonstrate skills in installing and configuring network hardware, software and cable, including firewalls and other devices. Demonstrate skill in diagnosing network connectivity problems.
S-12	Skill in configuring and basic optimizing software.	
S-13	Skill in diagnosing connectivity problems.	
S-14	Skill in maintaining directory services (e.g., Microsoft Active Directory, LDAP, etc.).	
S-15	Skill in using virtual machines (e.g., Microsoft Hyper-V, VMWare vSphere, Citrix XenDesktop/Server, Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud, etc.).	Manage file system and directory services operations. Build and adapt different types of virtual machines. Build apps using containerized software tools.
S-17	Skills in using microservices and containers (e.g., Docker, Kubernetes, ECS) and understanding monitoring dashboards.	
S-18	Skill in configuring and utilizing software-based computer protection tools (e.g., software firewalls, antivirus software, anti-spyware).	Apply basic software security measures to protect network devices. Perform troubleshooting services including software upgrade/downgrade and installation of appropriate network devices.
S-20	Skill in conducting system/server management and maintenance.	
S-22	Skill in troubleshooting failed system components (i.e., servers).	
S-24	Skill in installing system and component upgrades (i.e., servers, appliances, network devices).	
S-25	Skill in monitoring and optimizing basic system/server performance.	Create and maintain an effective network performance baseline by monitoring and troubleshooting network performance.
S-23	Skill in identifying system/server performance, availability, capacity, or configuration problems.	
S-21	Skill in correcting physical and technical problems that impact system/server performance.	
S-26	Skill in recovering failed systems/servers (e.g., recovery software, failover clusters, replication, etc.).	Perform the recovery process for a failed system or server. Create, administer, and maintain user accounts and groups in a network environment.
S-27	Skill in operating system administration (e.g., account maintenance, data backups, maintain system performance, install and configure new hardware/software).	
S-1	Skill in analyzing network traffic capacity and performance characteristics.	Utilize the latest tools to analyze network traffic and identify patterns to improve performance.
S-5	Skill in using network management tools to analyze network traffic patterns (e.g., simple network management protocol).	
S-6	Skill in securing network communications (e.g., logical).	Take appropriate actions to mitigate vulnerability and risk from potential network attacks.
S-7	Skill in protecting a network against malware (e.g., NIPS, anti-malware, restrict/prevent external devices, spam filters).	
S-8	Skill in basic configuring and utilizing network protection components (e.g., firewalls, VPNs, network intrusion detection systems).	
S-3	Skill in implementing, maintaining established network security practices.	Apply established practices to secure a network.
S-19	Skill in interfacing with customers.	Demonstrate effective interactions with customers.
Cloud S-1	Skill in identifying and distinguishing private, public, and hybrid cloud implementations.	Discuss public, private, and hybrid cloud technologies. Explain different XaaS tools and technologies models. Operate and manage cloud technologies. Perform different functional and non-functional cloud tests to ensure business requirements. Summarize and document cloud testing results against developed criteria.
Cloud S-2	Skill in identifying and distinguishing Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS), and Software as a Service (SaaS) models.	
S-16	Skill in using cloud (e.g., Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud).	
Cloud S-3	Skill in executing test cases for identified functional or non-functional requirements.	
Cloud S-4	Skill in documenting results of executed test cases showing whether according to developed success criteria the test case passes, fails, or partially passes.	
Cloud S-5	Skill in documenting and determining root cause failure(s) for items that failed or partially passed.	Demonstrate setting up virtual machine(s) using cloud technologies.
Cloud S-8	Skill in producing virtual machines from a cloud image.	
Cloud S-9	Skill in producing virtual machines within a cloud region.	Prepare customized virtual machine(s) based on different network topologies. Troubleshoot issues with virtual machine(s).
Cloud S-10	Skill in demonstrating how to customize virtual networks with IP address range, subnets, routing tables and gateways.	
Cloud S-11	Skill in analyzing and troubleshooting cloud virtual networks.	
Cloud S-12	Skill in preparing and deploying virtual machines in a virtual network (private or public subnet).	
Cloud S-15	Skill in applying permissions from the IAM (Identity and Access Management).	Demonstrate and apply the life cycle of users and groups with Identity and Access Management.
Cloud S-16	Skill in applying permissions for IAM (Identity and Access Management) group(s).	
Cloud S-17	Skill in applying permissions for IAM (Identity and Access Management) user(s).	
Cloud S-18	Skill in preparing and deploying a cloud high availability and business continuity solution.	Develop and implement a cloud backup and business continuity disaster recovery plan.
Cloud S-19	Skill in deploying a containerized application.	Deploy a distributed system by applying containerization tools.
Cloud S-20	Skill in analyzing and troubleshooting containers.	
Cloud S-21	Skill in implementing auto scaling and load balancing.	Perform auto scaling and load balancing on cloud servers.
Cloud S-13	Skill in deploying cloud storage technologies with the assistance of a senior technician.	Deploy different cloud storage systems with assistance from a senior technician. Analyze and troubleshoot different cloud storage systems.
Cloud S-14	Skill in analyzing and troubleshooting different cloud storage technologies.	

Cloud S-22	Skill in using management tools like Chef, Puppet, etc.	Utilize management tools for improving infrastructure automation.
Cloud S-6	Skill in preparing written reports.	Develop effective written reports and presentations to deliver information to an appropriate audience.
Cloud S-7	Skill in preparing presentations.	
<b>Abilities</b>		<b>Student Learning Outcomes</b>
A-6	Ability to operate different electronic communication systems and methods (e.g., e-mail, VoIP, IM, web forums, Direct Video Broadcasts).	Apply techniques and protocols to data communication network systems.
A-1	Ability to install network equipment including routers, switches, servers, transmission media, and related hardware.	Integrate LAN/WAN network connectivity by installing network hardware, software and cabling.
A-4	Ability to operate the organization's LAN/WAN pathways.	Operate the organization's LAN/WAN pathways.
A-10	Ability to apply an organization's goals and objectives to maintain architecture.	Ensure network architecture aligns with organization's goals and objectives.
A-3	Ability to execute OS command line (e.g., ipconfig, netstat, dir, nbtstat).	Demonstrate the use of OS command line tools.
A-9	Ability to interpret and clarify incidents, problems, and events submitted in the trouble ticketing system.	Assess and troubleshoot issues submitted to the organization's ticketing system.
A-2	Ability to operate common network tools (e.g., ping, traceroute, nslookup).	Measure network system traffic by using network tools to improve performance.
A-5	Ability to monitor measures or indicators of system performance and availability.	
A-7	Ability to monitor traffic flows across the network.	
A-8	Ability to recognize and escalate the information collected by network tools (e.g., nslookup, ping, and traceroute).	Analyze the data collected from network tools to identify problems.
A-14	Ability to apply cybersecurity and privacy principles to organizational requirements (relevant to confidentiality, integrity, availability, authentication, non-repudiation).	Facilitate organization's cybersecurity, privacy, and security controls for the network environment.
A-15	Ability to maintain automated security control assessments.	
A-11	Ability to update, and/or maintain standard operating procedures (SOPs).	Maintain the organization's standard operating procedures (SOPs) and update as needed.
Cloud A-1	Ability to work within a project team.	Demonstrate effective collaboration skills to work with a team to achieve project goals.
A-12	Ability to collaborate effectively with others.	
Cloud A-2	Ability to communicate effectively (written and oral) within and among team members and associated stakeholders (i.e., different audiences and organizational levels). This includes communicating complex technical issues and business implications.	Demonstrate effective communication skills (both oral and written) when working with team members and stakeholders. Effectively communicate technical jargon in simple terms to team members and stakeholders. Demonstrate effective listening skills. Analyze and interpret input to determine implicit and explicit customer requirements.
Cloud A-6	Ability to translate technical language into lay terminology when needed.	
Cloud A-8	Ability to listen and understand what people say.	
Cloud A-5	Ability to analyze and interpret customer input for expressed and implied requirements.	
A-13	Ability to function effectively in a dynamic, fast-paced environment.	Demonstrate the ability to successfully perform job functions in a fast-paced and dynamic work environment.
Cloud A-3	Ability to work under stress.	Demonstrate the ability to successfully perform job functions in stressful situations.
Cloud A-4	Ability to problem solve.	Demonstrate the ability to understand details, prioritize items, and use available information to solve problems.
Cloud A-9	Ability to recognize and understand details.	
Cloud A-10	Ability to order and arrange items.	
Cloud A-7	Ability to read and interpret technical documents, diagrams, and decision trees.	Analyze and interpret technical documents and diagrams.
Cloud A-11	Ability to create appropriate presentation visuals for technical material.	Develop presentation visuals to deliver technical information to an appropriate audience.